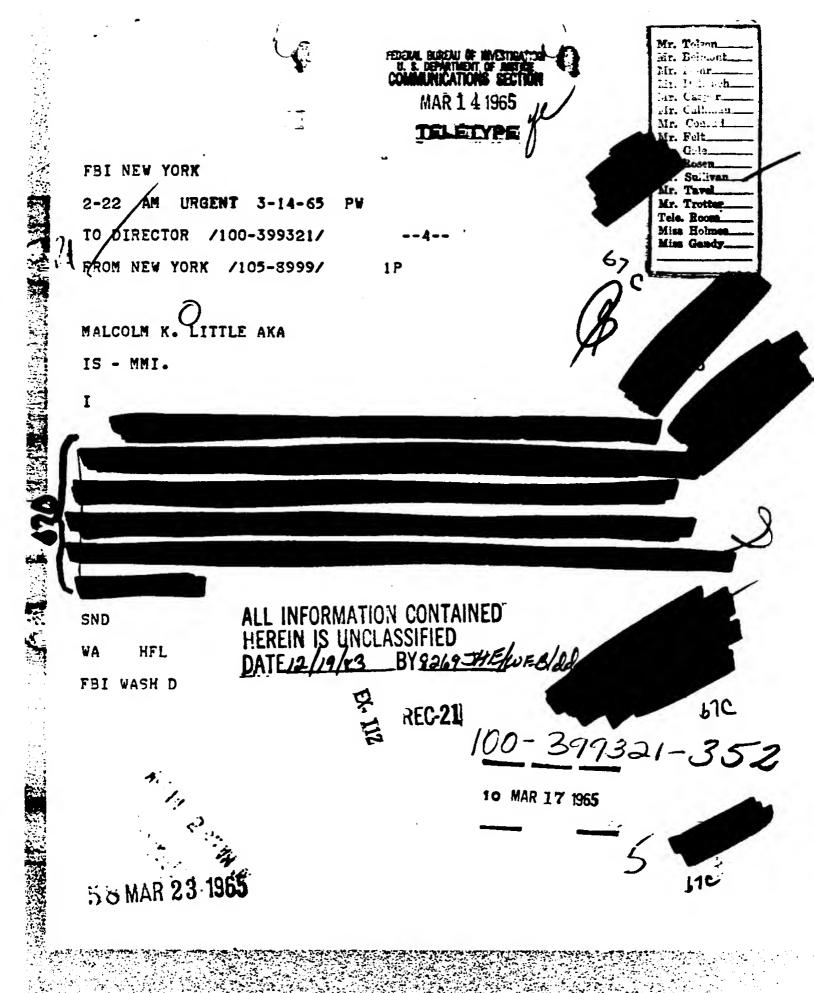


PAGE TWO..... BUREAU AUTHORITY REQUESTED TO FURNISH INFO su minis END AND PLS HOLD.... I 67C



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FBI NEW YORK 8-12 PM URGENT 3-14-65 TO DIRCETOR /100-399321/ FROM NEW YORK /105-8999/ 1P 67C MALCOLM K. LITTLE AKA IS - MMI. ALL INFORMATION CONTRIBUTES END HEREIN IS, CHUCKASIFIED CHUESDA MAR 17 1965 TH.

FBI WASH DC

UNITED STATES GO RNMENT

$oldsymbol{M} emorandum$

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

3/8/65 DATE:

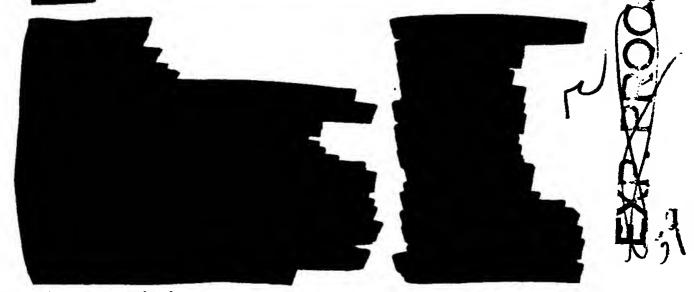
SAC, BOSTON (100-27649)

670

MALCOLM K. LITTLE, aka

Re New York airtel to Bureau dated 2/11/65 and New York teletype to Bureau dated 2/21/65.

contacted as shown below, lumnished no information concerning the burning of MALCOIM LITTLE's residence on 2/14/65 or his murder on 2/21/65.



2/- Bureau (RM)

2 - New York (105-8991)(RM)

Boston

008081 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/19/23 BY 8269 THE WES

FROI

TO

67C

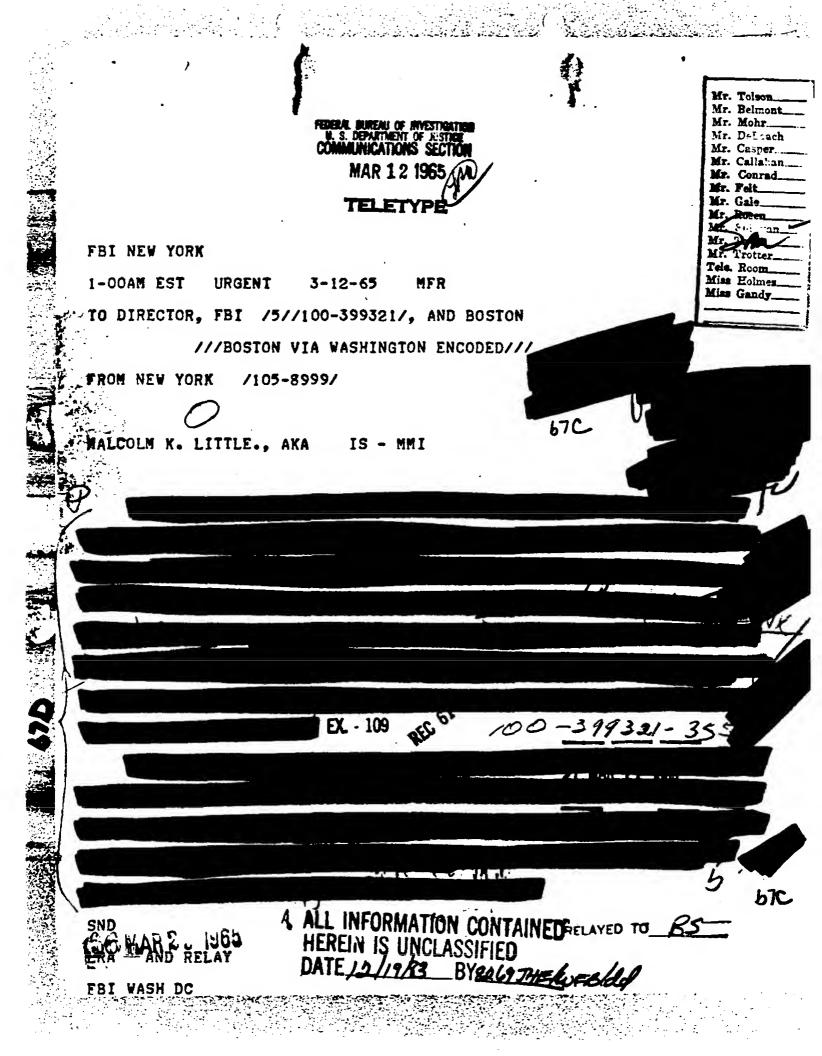
4-750 (Rev. 4-17-85)



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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1	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
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	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
	For your information:
×	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 100-399321-354page 2-

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX 

UNITED STATES C ERNMENT Memorandum Directer, FBI (100-399321) 3/10/65 TO Legat, London (100-3313) (P) MALCOLM K. LITTLE, aka. SUBJECT: IS - WNI Remylet 2/16/65. material which was distributed by the Council of African Organizations" at a protest meeting on Saturday, 2/27/65. This is being submitted for the Bureau's information classified b 6855 2 - Bureau (4 encls.) Liaison (sent direct) 2 - Londonn CWB:rn 0-1 TO NY 3/17/65 (5) Beclassify on: GADR RE: MAlGOLN K. LITTLE, AKA. FOR INFORATION. ENCIOSED IS A LEGA RECORDON 321-356 LET 3/10/65 +4 XEROX ENGLOSGRES. T.P.R./tes xeronofench of Each ENCL. 8-FR.B.

ALL INF CONTAINED
HEREIN L. SINIED
DATE 12/m/23 BY 204 SHE AND

ENCLOSURE

COUNCIL OF AFRICAN ORGANIZATIONS
3 COLLINGHAM GARDENS SUN.5

PROTEST DEMONSTRATION

SPEAKERS CORNER MARBLE ARCH Saturday 27 February 4p.m.

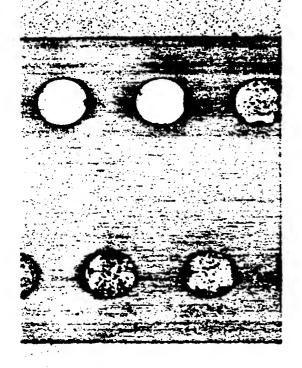
AGAINST U.S. RACIALISTS
ASSASSINATION OF MILITANT CHAMPION
OF FREEDOM FOR THE OPPRESSED
RACES

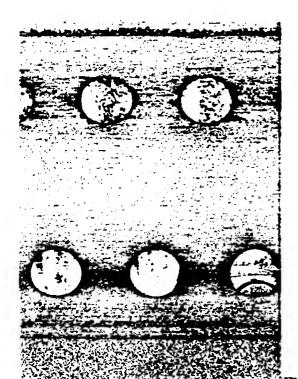
Malcolm X

THE AMERICAN RACIALISTS MURDERED HIM, LIKE THEY MURDERED PATRICE LUMUMBA, FOR PROTESTING AGAINST NEGROES BEING KICKED ABOUT.

DEEP IN YOUR HEART YOU KNOW HE IS RIGHT. YOU MUST NOT SURRENDER YOU MUST PROTEST.

Printed by A.A. Publishing Co., (T.U.) 14/16 Cowcross St., E.C.1





COUNCIL OF AFRICAN ORGANISATIONS

AFRICA UNITY HOUSE, 3, COLLINGHAM GARDENS, LONDON, S.W.S

Telephone: FRObisher 3906

BANGERS: Sectionater Bank List., 135 Earle Court Read, Louden, S.W.S.

CONSTITUENT SOOIES

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TIAR: Students' Suddly Openin Students' Accordance Hains of the Populations of the Conservate West African Students' Union

Bast Milana, Stadouto^a Dadu Sanbig Stadouto^a Dadus Sanbing Stady Group THAT OF LETTER SENT BY THE COUNCIL OF LIFRICAN ORGANISATIONS TO

TIT. WIDOW OF HALCOLN X AND BROTHER JAMES, ORGANISATION OF

LYRO-IMERICAN UNITY - 22 February 196

Decrest Sister/Brothers and Sisters,

In this moment of your end our supreme personal grief, the Council of frican Organisations, on behalf of all the ifrican students and youth studying in the United Kingdom, in solidarity with the Union of ifrican Students in Europe, in affiliation with the ifro-isian Caribbean issociation, send our heart-felt condolences with this measage:

 We feel great shock and indignation at the savage assassination of Malcolm.

 Malcolm was murdered for his uncompromising militancy in our fight for freedom and dignity against US imperialism and racialism.

3. Malcolm was killed for organising the ifro-imerican Union.

Malcolm has laid down his life in order that we shall be free.

He has not died in vain. We solemnly pledge to you that in us
you have the assurance and support of a family confidently
resolved that you shall witness and live in the certain realisation
of the vision of our Brother Malcolm.

To the eternal memory of our Brother,

The Central Executive Committee Council of African Organisations

KOJO AMOO GOTTFREED

President

THET OF CABLE SENT BY THE COUNCIL OF AFRICAN ORGANISATIONS TO HETTY, WIDOW OF MALCORN I - 22 February 1965

COUNCIL OF AFRICAN ORGANISATIONS SHARE YOUR PERSONAL GRIEF FOR THE BRUTAL ASSASSINATION OF YOUR HUSBAND AND OUR BROTHER MALCOLM FOR HIS UNCOMPROMISING MILITARCY IN THE STRUGGLE FOR OUR FREEDOM AND DIGNITY AGAINST US IMPERIALISM AND RACISM STOP WE PLEDGE FURTHER SUPPORT — COUNCIL OF AFRICAN ORGANISATIONS

TEXT OF CABLE SENT BY THE UNION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY - 22 February 1965

UNION OF AFRICAN STUDENTS IN EUROPE SHOCKED AT SAVAGE ASSASSINATION OF CREAT LEADER EROTHER MALCOLM STOP HEARTFELT CONDOLENCES TO HIS WIFE ALL MEMBERS OF YOUR ORGANISATION AND FOLLOWERS OF MALCOLM STOP GLORY FOR HIS UNCOMPROMISING COURAGEOUS STRUGGLE AGAINST US RACIALIST IMPERIALISM AND FOR FREEDOM JUSTICE EVALITY TO ALL MANKIND STOP ASSASSINATION CANNOT STOP FINAL VICTORY - UNION OF AFRICAN STUDENTS IN EUROPE

TEXT OF CLBLE SENT BY THE COUNCIL OF LEGICAN ORGANISATIONS TO

BROTHER JAMES, ORGANISATION OF AFRO-APERICAN UNITY - 22 February 1965

COUNCIL OF AFRICAN ORGANISATIONS SITTERLY DISAPPOINTED MINOR DIFFERENCES
EXPOSED MALCOLM TO ASSASSINATION STOP HIS UNCOMPROMISING MILITANCY
AGAINST US IMPERIALISM AND RACISM CAUCIAL TO FIGHT FOR FREEDOM AND
DIGNITY STOP MALCOLM'S BLOOD LAUNCHED AFRO-AMERICAN REVALUTION STOP
TOU SHALL NOT FALTER NOR SURFENDER - COUNCIL OF AFRICAN ORGANISATIONS

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RELEASE

ONE CONTINENT - ONE DESTRIY

AFRICA UNITY HOUSE 8 COLLINGHAM GINS LONDON & W.S

23 February 1965

THE ASSASSINATION OF MALCOLN I

The Council of African Organisations is horrified by the brutal and cowardly assassination of Balcolm X the militant leader in the struggle against American imperialism, opporession and racialism.

During balcolm I's visit to our headquarters in London as a guest of our 1st Congress, from 6 - 13 February, we were able to get an unprejudiced and clear understanding of both the man and his policy. He won over many in his audience, amongst whom were his most incisive critics. He dispelled much of their lack of sympathy created by a biased press and based on unfamiliarity with his real aims. He was certainly no rabble-rousing demagogue, but possessed a composure and clear-headedness which was highly incompatible with the image of a fanatic that has been and is being projected by his detractors. He was neither leader nor prophet of a lunatic fringe. He was staggeringly honest and sincers in his conviction. This great nationalist leader never preached one thing and practised another. His greatest crime seems to have been his dogged and incorruptible sincerity.

Ealcolm I regarded the use of force in self-defence where violence is unleashed against the Negro people's demands for freedom and for human rights as justifiable only because the hand that prevented them had been unamenable to negotiation and peaceful demands. He had little faith in those who, while breaking his head with a cudgel, exhorted him to be passive and love them.

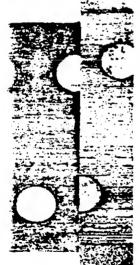
halcolm I aimed essentially at the forging of stronger links between Megroes in America, Africans and all oppressed peoples in Asia and Latin America, and that is precisely why he was murdered.

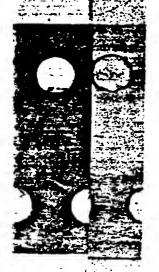
In mourning this great loss we deplore this criminal attempt at sabotage of the struggle of the oppressed peoples by trying to decapitate the national liberation movement by murdering its leaders. For the butchers of Félix-Roland Koumié and Patrice Lumumba are the very same monsters who have murdered Calcolm X in cold blood. We condemn this ignominous act which is another futile phase in the policy of the imperialists to keep the majority of mankind in a subordinate status and thereby maintain their precarious and moribund domination.

His assessins hired by US imperialism murdered him because he consciously exposed this monster as the enemy of all peoples and particularly the people of African origin.

We shall hold high his banner of "uniting all Afro-Americans, in the WA,







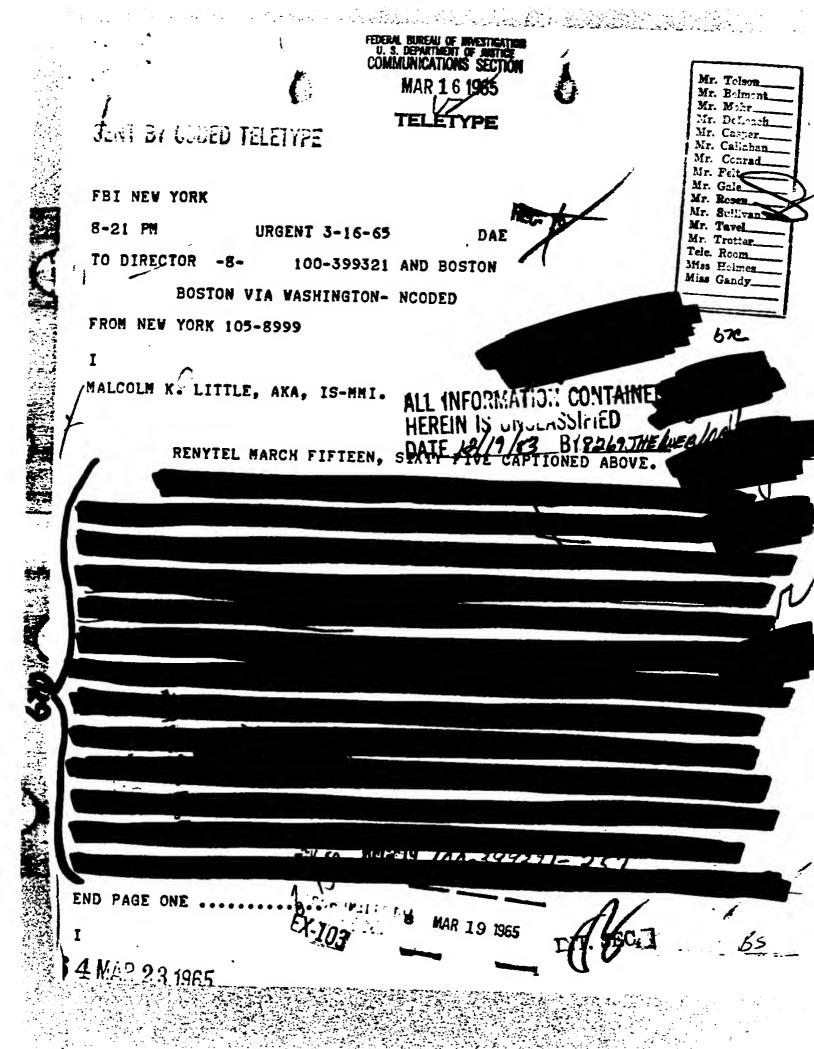
the Caribbean and South America, as well as the unity of the Afro-Asian-Latin American peoples against imperialism, colonialism and neo-colonialism.

The most fitting tribute to kalcolm I is to overcome differences among us, to unite all oppressed peoples, build unbreakable unity and carry forward the cause for which kalcolm I have his life.

The Council of African Organisations, representing over 40,000 youth and students in Britain, and the Union of African Students in Europe, are shocked and angered by this savage assassination by the agents of US imperialism of our nationalist leader and militant fighter for Afromerican freedom, human rights and dignity.

We express solidarity with his aims and work, which no act of brutality can undermine or obliterate.

We are determined to continue his just struggle by which the rights of afro-American people will be secured and human dignity established.





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X	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 100-399321-357page 2



Mr. W. C. Sullivan March 11, 1965 - Mr. Belmont - Mr. Mohr F. J. Baumgardner - Mr. DeLoach - Kr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Bland NATION OF ISLAM 1 - Mr. Baumgardner INTERNAL SECURITY - NOI In addition to the above, various offices have submitted to our New York Office photographs of Nation of Islam members who have previously been involved in some incident of violence. 1/- 100-399321 (Little) CONTINUED - OVER 'ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GACLASSIFIED MAN 13 1955 6 4 MAR 23 1965

"Aone Baumgardner to Sullivan RE: EATION OF ISLAM

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RECORDEEDATION:



If approved, the New York

Airtel

61° 1 -

To:

SAC, New York (105-8999)

From:

Director, FBI (100-399321)

MALCOLN X LITTLE

INTERNAL SECURITY - MIL

Reurairtel 3/16/65 submitting four rolls of sixteen millimeter film taken of the funeral of Malcolm X Little.

Examination of the film furnished the Eureau reveals that the film has already been developed. New York is requested to advise the exact nature of the work desired in connection with this film. In the event paper prints are desired, the specific photographs desired should be made known since it would not appear necessary to make prints of each individual frame on the film.

This matter should be handled by return mail.

MAR 1 8 1965 (2011)

1-100-441765 (1011)

COMMENTAL (8)

COMMENTAL (8)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE/06/19/32 BY 8269 THE KUEB/RD

Th. 12 19 1965

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66 MAR 23 1963

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

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MALCOLM K. LITTLE, IS - MMI.	
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PAGE THREE FROM PHIL (U) The state of t (4) BUREAU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED. RECEIVED: 9:28 PM

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

Date: 3/12/65

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TO	EDIRECTOR, FBI (100-39	9321) PATE 2/16/12 BY APPRACE
FROM	SAC, NEW YORK (105-89	99)
SUBJEC	T: MALCOLM K. LITTIE alco IS - NMI	B7C
is-Noi concer	re and Butel, dated 3/8/6 ." requesting the NYO pre	55 through 3/10/65, captioned 55, captioned "NATION OF ISLAM, epare a summary of developments M X LITTIE, suitable for
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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

LITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF USTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New York, New York March 12, 1965 5

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Malcolm K. Little Internal Security - MMI

Characterizations of the Muslim Mosque Inc. (MMI), Organization of Afro-American Unity (CAAU), Nation of Islam (NOI) and NOI Mosque #7 are attached hereto and

ND

On February 21, 1965 at 3.10 n.m.

advised

that Malcolm X had just been shot in the Audubon Ballroom,
New York City, while addressing an OAAU public rally.

that Rueber 1 Francis, one of
Malcolm's officers, fired back at those shooting at
Malcolm X.

a Negro male (later identified as
Talmage Hayer) was captured outside the Audubon Ballroom
immediately after the shooting.

advised on February 21, 1905, that at approximately 3:10 p.m., this date, he received a call at the station that a homicide was committed at the Audubon Ballroom, 564 West 166th Street, New York City.

ALLINFORMATION CONTAINED

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

-CONFIDENTIAL

INCLOSURE

GROUP 1 MAR 19 1955

Excluded from automatic

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declassification

100-37/321-360

CONFIDENTIAL

Malcolm K. Little

New York City Police Department, advised the same date that Malcolm X, Negro, male, age 39, of Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 7th Avenue and 125th Street, New York City, while on the stage of the Audubon Ballroom, was shot and killed by unknown persons. Patrolman stated that Malcolm X was pronounced dead on arrival by at Vanderbilt Clinic, Presby terian Hospital at 188th Street and Broadway. New York City, on February 21, 1965.

Department determined that the shooting of Malcolm X occurred at about 3:10 p.m., February 21, 1965.

and both of the advised that

Malcolm X was shot that afternoon during a rally of the OAAU at the Audubon Ballroom. They stated that

was on patrol on Broadway
when he heard shots coming from the Audubon Ballroom. He
immediately proceeded in that direction where he saw people
coming out of the said Ballroom shouting that Malcolm X
had been shot. Others were shouting "Don't let him get
away."

At that time arrested person
identified as Thomas Hagan as he was running out of the
Ballroom. When arrested, Hagan (true name Hayer) had in
his pocket. a .45 caliber automatic clip ()
containing four rounds. Hayer had been shot in the left
leg.

February 21, 1955, that the Police Department obtained two witnesses immediately after the shooting, namely both free-lance reporters and photographers of

gave statements in which they say they saw Hayer with a gun

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COM IDENTIAD

Malcolm K. Little

in his hand while Malcolm X was on the stage speaking. They said Malcolm X suddenly called out "Hold it" and after this, dropped to the floor and did not actually see Malcolm X shot, but stated: before they dropped to the floor, they saw Hayer with a gun in his hand pointing it towards Malcolm X. The next thing they saw was Hayer trying to run out of the Ballroom with a gun in his hand. According to as Hayer ran out, one of Malcolm's group shot three times at Hayer with an automatic pistol. Hayer did not have the pistol on him when he was arrested outside the Ballroom.

who was sitting in the front row in the Audubon Ballroom was shot in the foot during the shooting spree in which Malcolm X was shot. He also stated that was also hit during the shooting spree in the Ballroom and both were treated at Columbia Presbyterian Hospital, New York City.

later advised that the Police found a 12 gauge sawed off double-barrell shotgun manufactured by J.C. Higgins, model 1017, also bearing the number 5100. The Police advised, upon examination, that the shotgun had been fired and left at the scene.

At approximately 7:45 p.m., on February 21, 1965.

being detained in the prison ward at Bellevue Hospital, under guard. He stated that Hayer had one bullet in him which entered his left thigh and shattered the thigh bone. He stated the hospital plans to put Hayer's left leg in traction and that the bullet would stay in the leg for about two weeks until such time as the bone would be healed enough to permit an operation.

Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) at New York City and stated that he had one of the pistola used to kill Malcolm X. was at that time in

CONFIDENTIAL

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SONFILENTIAL

Malcolm K. Little

and asked that Bureau Agents meet him at the address as soon as possible. when contacted the same date by Agents of the FBI, was in the back of the Audubon Ballroom, the same date, to hear Malcolm X speak. He stated that he 1s a member of the CAAU. He said Malcolm X was just introduced and began to speak when some people began to scream somewhere about eight rows from the front of the auditorium. He said people in that area began to move away and Malcolm X put up his hands as though to quiet the people down and was heard to say "Keep your seats." Just then, shots rang out, but could not see who was doing the shooting. After the the personsshooting shots were fired headed for the exit. Some of the people in the audience tried to stop them by throwing chairs at them or in their way. At this time, two of Malcolm X's men were shooting at the assailants as they were trying to leave the Ballroom. said who two men involved in the shooting passed him, but as the other two men involved were running towards the exit, one turned to fire back at Malcolm X's men. As this man then turned to run through the exit, threw a "body block" into him knocking him down the stairs at which time, this person dropped a .45 caliber pistol. picked up the gun and attempted to shoot the man he knocked down as he was running down the stairs, but the gun jammed and he ran out of the building. said he checked the gun and noticed that three rounds were still in the clip. then turned over to Special Agents of the FBI a .45 caliber automatic pistol, serial number 335055, containing a clip with three rounds of ammunition.

At 10:15 p.m., February 21, 1965.

office of the FBI, at which time, they were furnished a .45 caliber automatic pistol. which was obtained by Agents of the FBI from

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Malcolm K. Little

arrested immediately after shooting Malcolm X, has been charged with homicide and that Rueben X Francis, a member of Malcolm X's group, was charged with felonious as a sult and possession of a deadly weapon.

also stated that the Police
Department has a witness who identified Francis as the person
firing back at assailants of Malcolm X. He said
Francis was believed to have fired a shot which struck
Hayer in the leg. He said Francis is suspected of be ing
the person who fired a .32 caliber pistol, which has
never been recovered by the Police Department.

Stated that it is estimated that up to four persons
may be involved in the killing of Malcolm X.

performed on Malcolm x reflected that he had ten bullet wounds in his chest, thigh and ankle plus four bullet creases in the chest and thigh. The autopsy located one nine millimeter slug and one .45 caliber slug, and several shotgun pellets in the body of Malcolm X.

Department examined the Audubon Ballroom after the shooting, they found a sawed off double-barrel shotgun wrapped in a green suit coat. In the suit coat pocket was found a key for a Yale lock, a package of camel cigarettes and an empty eyeglass case bearing the optometrist name "M. M. Fine, Main Street, Flushing." The shotgun contained two discharged Remington express shells, single O buckshot shells and there were indications that the gun was recently fired.

was found three .45 caliber shells and slugs, six nine millimeter shells and two slugs, and three .32 caliber slugs and 10 pieces of lead, presumably fired from the shotgun.

CONFIDENTIAL

Malcolm K. Little

ThomasHAXER

The FBI Identification Division, on February 22, 1965, identified prints of the person arrested in the shooting of Malcolm X as Talmage Hayer, who up until then, was known to the Police Department only as Thomas Hagen.

Identification records reflect that Hayer, FBI #142496F, is a male, Negro, born March 16, 1942, at Hackensack, New Jersey, last known residing at 347 Marshall Street, Paterson, New Jersey.

tnat Malcolm X arrived at the Audubon Ballroom, February 21, 1965, in a white 1965 Cadillac. Malcolm X was surrounded by his bodyguards and was then escerted into the front corridor of the Audubon Ballrocm and then to the stage. When Malcolm X began to speak, a disturbance occurred between two men. Up in the front near the stage, Malcolm X's bodyguards started to move towards the two men causing a disturbance when Malcolm X said "Hold it. Without hesitation, two men occupying the front seats, left side, middle aisle, looking towards the stage, got into a crouched position and fired several shots in the direction of Malcolm X. The fire "spitting" from the guns "crashed" into the chest of Malcolm X and he fell backwards as if knocked down by a sudden powerful force. Still in the crouched position, the gunman hastily moved toward the exit in the back of the hall, stepping over persons who were laying on the floor. It is believed that approximately 20 shots in all were fired during the shooting.

reviewed a photograph of Talmage Hayer and Mentilled him as one of the persons who shot and killed Malcolm X on February 21, 1965, at the Audubon Ballroom.

that date Hayer's fingerprints were round on the clip of the .45 caliber pistol that was picked up by

CONTILENTIAL

6

Malcolm K. Little

at the Audubon Ballroom the day Malcolm X was killed and turned over to the FBI.

On February 26, 1965.

Norman Butler. 661 Rosedale Avenue, Bronx, New York, was arrested at 3:00 a.m., same date, by the New York City Police Department, as one of the assassins in the killing of Malcolm X on February 21, 1965. said that three witnesses including placed Butler in the Audubon Ballroom at the time that Malcolm X was shot and he was identified as one of the persons who actually shot at Malcolm X.

a photograph of Norman 3X Butler, who was arrested by the Police Department for the killing of Malcolm X as one of the persons who participated in the shooting of Malcolm X at the Audubon Ballroom,

On February 27, 1965, advisec that identified Talmage Hayer and Norman 3X Butler, both now in the custody of the New York City Police Department, as assassins in the killing of Malcolm X, Butler was arrested in January, 1965, for shooting a Correctional Officer who broke away from the NOI and, at the time he was arrested for killing Malcolm X, he was on \$10,000 bail.



WOND THENTERS

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Malcolm K. Little

NATION UT FROM

previously arrested with Norman 3X Butler in January, 1965,

CONTINUIAL

BRONX NY

CONFIDENTIAL

Malcolm K. Little

Norman 3X Butler from photographs as the man who was sitting and said "Get your hands out of my pocket" in the Audubon Ballroom, just before Malcolm X was killed.

cannot recognize Thomas 15X

Johnson from photographs as being in the Audubon Ballroom on February 21, 1905.

On March 4, 1965, and the stated that as of this date, Hayer, Butler and Johnson, all arrested for the killing of Malcolm X, have refused to furnish any information other than their name and age.

On March 8, 1965,

advised that

Department on the same date. According to stated that he saw Hayer shoot Malcolm X and also observed Butler and Johnson in the Audubon Ballroom the day Malcolm X was killed. saw Johnson run out the side exit after the shooting.

denied being in the Audubon Ballroom on February 21.

1965.

Stated that

after
the shooting, he picked up the shotgun used to kill
Malcolm X and gave it to Rueben X Francis. He said he also
picked up a German Luger pistol and gave it to another
person to hold until the Police arrived.

was never turned over to the Police Department and this gun could probably account for the nine millimeter slug in Malcolm's body.

COMPLESIONAL

COMPTENDED IN THE PARTY.

Malcolm K. Little

On March 10, 1965.

advised that
the ______in conducting interviews of persons,
particularly MMI members who were present in the Audubon
Ballroom when Malcolm X was shot, seem to have the same "clear
cut" story that they were in the Ballroom when Malcolm X was
shot and when the shots rang out they fell to the floor and
never got a look at the assassins.

Stated that
the Relice Department learned that

New York City, has instructed members of the MMI and the OAAU to cooperate with the Police Department but only say that they fell on the floor when the shooting started and cannot identify the person who shot Malcolm X.

said the is now shifting their investigation towards officials of the MMI,

In reference to stated that information has been received that also was one of Malcolm X's bodyguards the day he was shot, has been seen in the Harlem area "dressed to kill," "wearing one hundred dollar suits" and a "pocket full of hundred dollar bills" since the death of Malcolm X.

said that has no visible means of support at this time.

also stated that on March 10, 1965, the New York County Grand Jury handed down first-degree murder indictments in the killing of Malcolm X on February 21, 1965, against Talmage Hayer, Norman 3X Butler and Thomas 15X Johnson.

CONFIDENCE

CONFIDENTIAL

Malcolm K. Little

The "New York Times," a local daily newspaper, dated March 11, 1965, contained an article captioned "40000 Are Indicted HereiIn Malcolm X Case." This article states -

"A grand jury indicted three Negroes yesterday in the slaying of Malcolm X, Black Nationalist leader, and indicted Malcolm's bodyguard for shooting and wounding one of the trio.

"Charges of willfully killing Malcolm 'with a shotgun and pistols' were made against Thomas Hagan, also known as Talmadge Hayer and Thomas Hayer, 22 years old, of 347 Marshall Street, Paterson, N. J.; Norman 3X Butler, 26, of 661 Rosedale Avenue, the Bronx; and Thomas 15X Johnson, 29, of 932 Bronx Park South, the Bronx.

"A separate indictment accused Rueben Francis, under that spelling and also as Rueben X, on one count of first-degree felonious asault for 'aiming and discharging a pistol' at Hagan, two counts of second-degree assault and a fourth count of possessing a pistol. Francis, 33, has given his address as 871 East 179th Street, the Bronx.

"Hagan is in Bellevue Hospital's prison ward. Butler and Johnson are being held without bail, and Francis, whose bail has been set at \$10,000, are to be arraigned in Supreme Court, tomorrow."

COMMUNICATION ...

1.

APPENDIX

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in time of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals." The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

The May 23, 1964, edition of the "New York Amsterdam News," a weekly Negro newspaper published in New York City, contained an article by columnist JAMES BOOKER in which he indicated that he had heard that the visit by MALCOLM X with Muslim leaders during his African tour has changed him to become soft in his anti-white feelings and to become more religious.

On October 6, 1964, a confidential source advised that the MMI is apparently affiliated with the true orthodox Islamic Religion through its affiliation with the Islamic Foundation (of New York), l Riverside Drive, New York City. The only teachings of the MMI are on the Islamic Religion.

A second confidential source advised on October 203 1964, that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York, where they were established on March 16, 1964. These headquarters are shared with the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) which is also headed by MALCOLM X.

werent train and the

APPENDIX

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

On August 19, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU are located in MMI headquarters, Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue, New York City.

13

Micola K. Little

1.

APPENDIX .

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

In January, 1957, a source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam," (NOI) and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 8, 1964, a second source advised ELIJAV MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the NOI; Muhammad's femple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1900, MUHAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD'S organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. MUHAMMAD claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Leing, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following MUHAMMAD'S teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white deals," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including MUHAMMAD, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have leclared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised MUHAMMAD had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teathings of his organization.

Micola . . Little

2.

APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

On May 7, 1964, a third source advised Muhammad had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MJHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

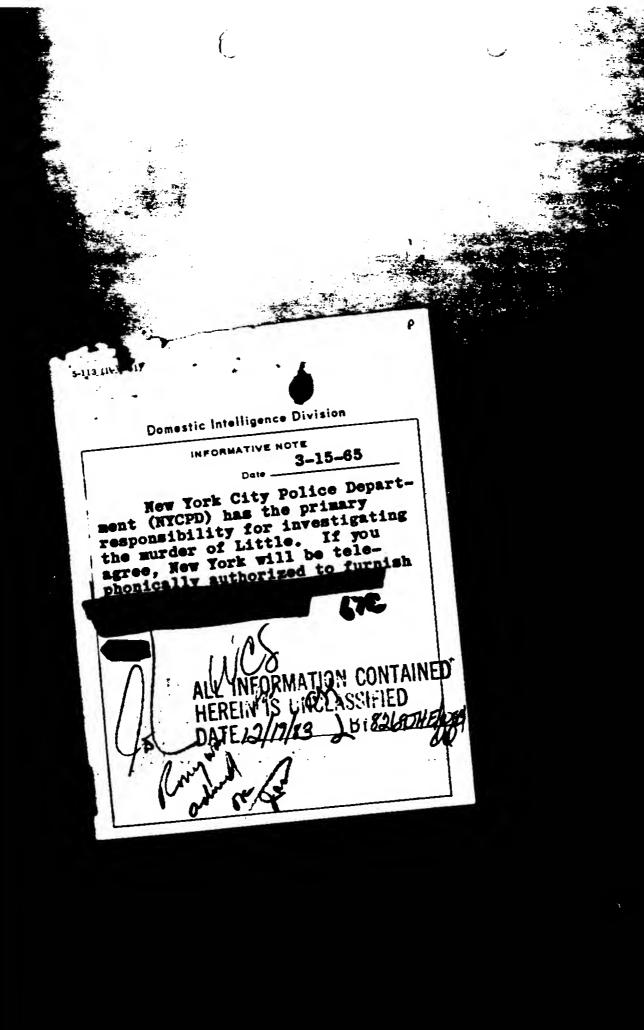
APPENDIX

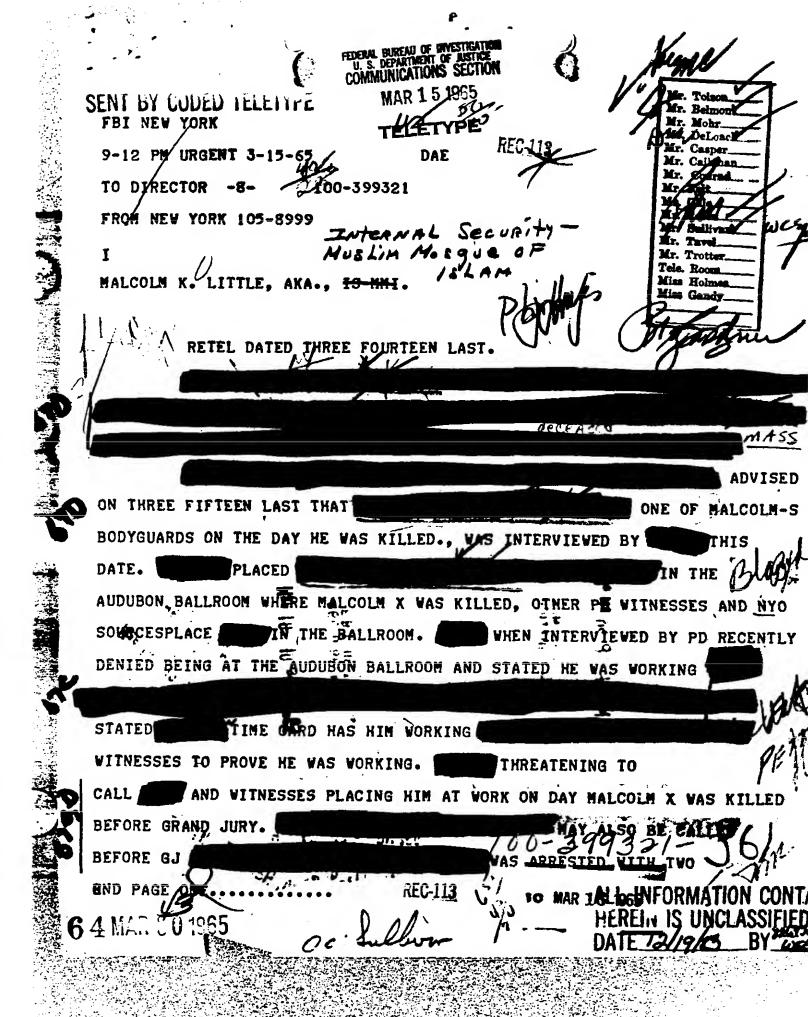
NATION OF ISLAM, MOSQUE #7, NEW YORK CITY

On May 5, 1964, a source advised that the Nation of Islam (NOI) affiliate in New York City is known as Mosque #7, also known as Temple #7, and is located at 102 West 116th Street, New York City. Mosque #7 is part of the NOI headed by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, with head-quarters in Chicago, Illinois. Mosque #7 has two branches; Mosque #7B at 105-03 Northern Boulevard, Queens, New York City, and Mosque #7C at 120 Madison Street, Brooklyn, New York. These branches are part of Mosque #7.

The date Mosque #7 originated in New York City is not known.

However, in connection with the origin of Mosque #7, it should be noted that in 1953 a second source advised that there was a Temple of the NOI (known to source then as the Muslim Cult of Islam) in New York City located at 135th Street and 7th Avenue, as far back as 1947.





PAGE TWO.....

OTHER S THREE TWO SIXTY FIVE, IN BRONX,

PMMI MEMBER CURRENTLY UNDER INVESTIGATION BY NYO.

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STATED PD INTERESTED IN IDENTITY OF

STATES WITNESS PUTS

SITTING BEHIND TALMADGE HAYER WHEN MALCOLM X WAS SHOT AND KILLED.

NEWARK OFFICE BY TELEPHONE THREE FIFTEEN LAST ADVISED

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Mr. Telson Mr. Belmont Mr. Mohr. Mr. DeLoach Mr. Casper_ SELT OF LOUEN TELETYPE Mr. Callahan Mr. Conrad TELETYPE Mr. Rosen Mr. Trotter Tele. Room. Miss Holmes FBI NEW YORK Miss Gandy. 9-00 PM URGENT 3-17-65 TO DIRECTOR -10-100-399321 PROM NEW YORK 105-8999 MALCOLM K. LITTLE AKA IS-MMI. RENYTEL THREE SIXTEEN LAST. ADVISED THREE EVENTEEN LAST THAT NO PERTINENT INVESTIGATION DEVELOPED ON THIS DATE RE THE KILLING OF MALCOLM X. STATED THAT ON THE EVENING OF THREE SIXTEEN LAST ONE FOR THE PURPOSE OF IDENTIFYING THREE PERSONS SAW SHOOT MALCOLM X. ACCORDING TO FAILED TO > FURNISH ANY PERTINENT INFO. NYO INDICES REFLECTS THAT ON EIGHT EIGHTEEN SIXTÝ FOUR ADVISED ON A MEMBER OF MMI. IN JAN. SIXTY FIVE WERE NEGATIVE RE REG 32 IND AND PLS HOLD EX. TIM 11 MAR 19 1965

UNITED STATES GO RNMENT

Memorandum

:TO

Mr. DeLoach

DATE:

Callaban — Carrol — Felt — Gale — Rosen —

FROM

M. A. JAGA

SUBJECT:

MALCOLM LITTLE, also known as

MALCOLM X

hall de

The Director has asked what our files show as to the captioned individual's criminal record. He is referring to Walter Winchell's column which appeared in the 2-28-65 issue of the "New York Journal-American," wherein Winchell described Malcolm X, formerly of the Black Muslim movement, as a convicted thief who served a seven-year stretch for larceny, a dope addict and a pimp.

There is attached a copy of the FBI Identification Record, FBI No. 4 282 299, of Malcolm Little which reveals he was fingerprinted by the Boston, Massachusetts, Police Department on 11-29-44 in connection with the larceny of a fur coat (\$250). There is no disposition shown of this charge and on 3-17-45/was fingerprinted for grand larceny by the Lansing, Michigan, Police Department and was turned over to the Detroit, Michigan, Police Department. The disposition of this grand larceny charge was a nolle prosequi on 4-28-47. On 1-15-46 he was arrested by the Milton, Massachusetts, Police Department for breaking and entering in the night time and larceny. In connection with this charge, he was received by the State Prison at Charlestown, Massachusetts, 2-27-46, to serve four concurrent sentences of eight to ten years each.

While there are no arrests on the attached record reflecting that he was a dope addict and a pimp, Malcolm Little has publicly admitted such things and his general involvement in crime prior to his seeing the light and joining the Black Muslim movement." He was, of course, shot to death on 2-21-65 in New York City.

RECOMMENDATION	rec.	16 100-399321363
Enclosure	nformation. E01-X3	10 MAR 18 7053
1 - Mr. Deloach	REAL INFORMATION CONTAIN	INCO CLUTTE EN TON
(5) 1965 (C 05 6 MAR 2 6 1965	ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 2/19/83 BY 826/5	11/58

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UNII D STATES DEPARTMENT (JUSTICE CENTRE DE L'EDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION DE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20537

J. Edgar Hoom Director.

The following FBI record, NUMBER 4 282 299

THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE

, is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

The following FBI record, NUMBER 4 282 299			, is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.		
CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION	
Services of Supply Army	Malcolm Little #30-GML	applican November 17, 1942		•	
Services of Supply Army	Malcolm Little #30-GMA	laborer December 23, 1942			
Police Department Boston Nassachusetts	Malcolm Little #65213	November 29, 1944	larceny fur coat \$250.00		
Police Department Lansing, Michigan	Malcolm Little #15686	March 17, 1945	grand larceny	turned over to Detroit Michiga Police Department	
Police Department Detroit, Michigan	Malcolm Little #74831	March 18, 1945	grand larceny	April 28, 1947 nolle prosequi	
Police Department Milton Massachusetts	Malcolm Little #	January 15, 1946	breaking and entering in night time and larceny		
Norfolk County House of Correction Dedham Massachusetts	Malcolm Little #1898	not given finger- printed January 31, 1946	breaking and entering and larceny (night time)		
State Prison Charlestown Massachusetts	Malcolm Little #22843	February 27, 1946	breaking and entering in night time and larceny	4 concurrent sentences 8 to 10 years each	
ALL IN HEREI DATE	FORMATION CONTAINS UNCLASSIFIED 12/19/83 BY 826	/ 4	four counts	* -	
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Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. Where final disposition is not shown or further explanation of charge is desired, communicate with agency contributing those fingerprints.

PNOIOSURE

Notations indicated by * are NOT based on fingerprints in FBI files but are listed only as investigative leads as being possibly identical with subject of this record.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20837

2

Director.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
State Reformatory Mest Concord Massachusetts	Malcolm Little #33428	10, 1947 in transfer from State Prison	four counts breaking and entering night time and larceny: three counts breaking and entering night time and larceny	8 to 10 years four counts; 6 to 8 years three counts (seven concurrent)
Folice Department New York New York	Malcolm X Little #UF 81 993 Case 1022	DECEASED February 21, 1965		-
			•	*
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Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. Where final disposition is not shown or further explanation of charge is desired, com-

municate with agency contributing those fingerprints.

Notations indicated by * are NOT based on fingerprints in FBI files but are listed only as investigative leads as being possibly identical with subject of this record.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE EDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D.C., 20537

The following FBI record, NUMBER 4 282 299 , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

All descriptive factors (if any) furnished by you match those in our identification file unless herein quoted.

DESCRIPTION AND RELATED DATA:

Race: Negro

Sex: Male

Height: 6 feet 3 3/4 inches

Weight: 176 pounds

Hair: Elack

Eyes: Maroon

Date and Place of Birth: May 19, 1925 Omaha Nebraska

Scars & Marks: Oblique scar left_forearm, inner, near elbow. 3 scars right foreleg, front. Scar top of left index finger.

Address: In 1946 - 72 Dale Street Roxbury (as on print #-- Police Department Milton Massachusetts)

Company: In 1942 - AC Spark Plug Division (as on print #30 GMA)

Occupation: Show Business

MINISTER IN

UNITA STATES DEPARTMENT OF USTICE DERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT. N WASHINGTON, D.C. 2037

Director.

1-Bureau

The following FBI record, NUMBER

4 232 299

, is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
•		!		

SECURITY FLASH: Halcolm Little with aliases (Federal Bureau of Investigation #4 282 299) Refer two copies of record on all inquiries to Bureau Field Division New York New York their file #105-8999 per information received Bureau Field Division Philadelphia Pennsylvania September 29, 1954. Bureau file #100-399321.

FLAS I CANCELLED: Deceased

LID

THIS PAGE SHOULD NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. Where final disposition is not shown or further explanation of charge is desired, communicate with agency contributing those fingerprints.

municate with agency contributing those fingerprints.

Notations indicated by * are NOT based on fingerprints in FBI files but are listed only as investi-

the lands as being possibly identical with subject of this record.

I.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE . 1965 0~-007-05

Winchell

OF NEW YORK

Man Reading the Papers

MALCOLM X WAS A VICTIM of his own exaggeration. He never reconciled the truth with his private delusions. He was a petty punk who pictured himself as an heroic figure. Even more incredible is the attempt to transform Malcolm X into a martyr...



The truth is that he was the victim in a gang war. He was a convicted thief who served a seven-year stretch for larceny. He was a convicted thief who served a seven-year stretch for larceny. He was a cope addict and a pimb who presented natured and terrorism. His strife with the Black Muslim hierarchy was not motivated by ideological differences. It was a brutal struggle for the reactate and other vast commercial enterprises operated by the Black Muslims. Bigotry is big business... Moreover, it is important to note that Malcolm X and the Muslims rejected integration as completely as the Ku Klux Klan.

OFFICIALLY, THE BLACK MUSLIMS preach nonviolence. The fact is the bitter hate they propagate can lead only to violence. In addition, the Muslims have a secret army—the Fruit of Islam. They are well-drilled units schooled in the use of firearms. It's about time a Congressional committee investigated the Muslims. Their sources of income and methods of operation deserve to be spotlighted... Ironically, the Davil attracts the biggest headlines. The death of Malcolm X the criminal received more newspaper space than the passing of Nat King Cole, the gentleman.

ALABAMA'S GEORGE WALLACE is the governor of a great State. But there is no reason to mistake this puny? C. 16 passing politician for a constitutional crisis. There is no such crisis. The issue is not whether Negroes in Alabama can vote. That was settled by fighting Americans a long time ago... Wallace's defense of the Alabama people who attacked newspapermen is merely the cheap and unauthorized antic of a ward-hoeler who never could resist the chance for a brief national spotlight—even though the price was inciting a riot—though by cath he is sworn to keep the peace...Wallace represents a silly, publicity-seeking politician, who by his lack of proportion simultaneously demonstrates his own gigantic ego, his pitiful stature as a statement.

THE FRONT PAGES reveal that Washington has stepped up its economic aid to Red satellites. Well, an article in the August, 1963; Reader's Digest reported the following: "A Brisse committee has now found that receipt of our agricul-

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DATE 12/19/23 BYEAL95HEAU

M. A. Jones & Defrack EZCAZIA S. Z-65 tiral commedities by Foland allows it to export food to other bide members, thus helping the Soviet conspiracy to solve its most awarene internal problem. What we do has so eased the pressure on Russia to feed its own dependent states that it is able now to use its ewn wheat to spearhead its infiltration of Latin America. Meanwhile our help to the Poles has enabled them to send \$12-million worth to North Vietnam, respectedly including arms useful in guerrilla operations against our own soldiers in Vietnam." Sec?????????

FOREIGN AID HAS COST U.S. taxpaupers over \$108 billion. Just think how many poverty-stricken Americans could be helped with that huge sum. Imagine how many American research scientists could use that money to fight disease. Consider how many vitally needed American schools and colleges could be built with that money. When you "buy" friends—you purchase ingrates.

THE BOBBY BAKEE CASE will never be fully investigated. Why? Shortly after the scandal hit the headlines one of Bobby Baker's friends told reporters: "If Bobby ever told everything he knows, there wouldn't be any Senate left—Democratic or Republican."

Politicians initially pride themselves on being realists. Ironically, moral ideals have greater force than the practical strategy that guides numerous politicians. If we invalidate the Ten Commandments—then we nullify the Bill of Rights... Optimists and cynics share a strange blindness. One is complacent about corruption—the other is convinced it cannot be eliminated. Of course, sanctioning corruption is as ridiculous as denying it can be controlled. Actually, the consistence of politics and plunder does not make it an evil beyond control. You might as well destroy our courts—since we have always had criminals.

THE JUSTICE DEPT, is planning the control of news in various criminal cases... Official censorship in any form—or for any reason—is always dangerous. Of course, our freedom is not absolute. It is limited by the borders of public welfare and personal decency, Freedom of the press does not mean the right to publish obscenity or military secrets any more than free speech includes the right to incite riots. However, it is essential for our public officials to remember: The Bill of Rights not only empowers the people with certain rights. It also protects them from the power of the government.

THE TV RATINGS remain the subject of much pro-and-controversy. The most devastating estimate of ratings systems appeared in Time mag some time ago: "The most eloquent, hard-hitting critics of the ratings are the services themselves—when speaking of their competitors. Nielsen, for example, argues that human error, bias and forgetfulness work against the accuracy of others' methods. He says also that their atmples are usually unreliable... Nielsen's rivals seize on the fact that Nielsen's national system measures the tuning of sets, not the number of viewers, and does not account for the chance that the set might be playing to unheeding house-holders or even to an empty living room. American Research Bureau insists that this is a big factor, Nielsen insists that it is mighture."

Goodman Ace once subped: "Polls are faccinating. They are read by everyone, from the farmer in the field all the way up to Tom Dewey, President of the United States."

THE TENSIONS between LieJ and some Washington correspondents indicate that everything is nermal in Washington. Relations between the press and Presidents always start as Alphonse-Gaston and end up as Hatfield-McCay... The fact is that Presidents were directly responsible for making editorials fashionable. Prior to the close of George Washington's second Administration, newspapers engaged in sporadic populis. The gradual split among party lines inspired publishers to take sides. Thus daily breast-beating among journalists became popular... Editorial forays reached violent yeaks before and after the Jefferson inauguration. Editors not only hattled with words but fortified their opinions by engaging in pistol duels. Prequently the gun was mightler than the quill

RED CHINA PROPAGANDISTS have halled bigot Malsolm X as "a fighter for civil liberties." That is easy to understand; Among Communists, where criminals are in charge of fasties, wrong is right, war is proces, slavery is freedom and hinary is local.

FBI Date: 3/8/65 PLAIN TEXT the following in . (Type in plaintext or code) AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority) : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321) SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-43914) (RUC) SUBJECT: MALCOLM X LITTLE, aka IS - MMI 00: NEW YORK Enclosed herewith to the Bureau is an original and six copies of an LHM concerning the above-captioned individual. Enclosed for Chicago and New York is one copy each of this LHM. Re San Francisco airtel to Bureau dated 3/2/6 The enclosed LHM has been classified "CONFIDENTIAL" because of information received if disclosed, could result in identification and compromise 3 - Bureau (Encls. 7)(RM) 1 - Chicago (Encl. 1)(RM) REC- 131 1 - New York (Encl. 1)(105-8999)(RM) - San Francisco MAR 11 1965 Approved: Sent -



In Reply, Ple File Ne.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Francisco, California

March 8, 1965

MALCOLM X. LIT

University of California (UC), Berkeley, California, advised that on February 18, 1965, an activity permit was completed by the secretary-treasurer of the Young Socialist Alliance (YSA), Berkeley, requesting permission for the YSA to use Sproul Hall steps, UC, from 12:00 noon to 1:00 p.m. on February 25, 1965, for organization speeches on a planned march against war in Viet Nam.

> A characterization of the YSA is appended hereto.

On March 1, 1965, advised that from 12:05 p.m. to 12:40 p.m. on February 25, 1965, speakers spoke on the steps of Sproul Hall and were introduced by an individual representing himself as affiliated with the YSA. Hull advised that about 300 to 500 students listened to the speakers who eulogized Malcolm X. He advised that no disorder accompanied this meeting.

On March 1, 1965, from 2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. on February 27, 1965, a rally was held at the southeast corner of Post and Fillmore Streets, San Fran-cisco, at which William Bradley, Chairman of San Francisco Congress of Racial Equality, and Mark-comfort. spoke about 100 eulogizing Malcolm X. persons stopped to listen to the speakers. served individuals in the crowd selling or distributing copies of "The Militant" which is self described as a Socialist Workers Party (SWP) publication and "The Challenge" which is

s document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its conts are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

100-399321-364

CALIF

Re: Malcolm X. Little

self described as a Progressive Labor Movement publication this meeting was orderly.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

A characterization of the Progressive Labor Movement is appended hereto.

Mark Comfort was the head of the Oakland Direct Action Committee, a newly formed civil rights organization located in East Oakland, California. Comfort was formerly the leader of the now derunct Ad Hoc Committee to End Discrimination.

A characterization of the Ad Hoc Committee to End Discrimination is appended hereto.

The February 27, 1965, issue of the "San Francisco Examiner," a daily newspaper published in San Francisco, California, contained an article on Page 6, captioned "Eulogy for Malcolm X at S. F. State." This article stated that about 15 Negro students at San Francisco State College held a memorial service "for slain Black Nationalist Malcolm X yesterday on the campus' speakers' platform." The article stated the students were black arm bands and marched solemnly to the platform where several of them eulogized Malcolm X.

A flier was received in the mail from an anonymous source in an envelope postmarked March 1, 1965, which stated that the Militant Labor Forum would present a recorded speech of Malcolm X at the Pioneer Book Store, 1722 Page Street, San Francisco, California, at 8:00 p.m., on March 5, 1965. The flier indicated that this recorded speech had been recorded at Palm Gardens in New York on January 8, 1965 and was the first major speech given by Malcolm X after his

Re: Malcolm X. Little

return to the United States. The flier requested donations of \$1.00 except from students and unemployed from whom it requested donations of \$.50. It stated that alloproceeds would go to the widow and children of Malcolm X.

Militant Labor Forum is a name used by the SM. In the San Francisco area in holding public meetings. also advised that the Pioneer Book Store, 1722 Page Street, is the SWP headquarters in San Francisco, California.

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BAY AREA PROGRESSIVE LABOR aka "Progressive Labor"

A source advised on December 12, 1962, that in the latter part of 1962 a group of former members of the San Francisco County Communist Party (SFCCP), who had split from the SFCCP during 1960 over a factionalist dispute, had grouped together to support and further the aims of "Progressive Labor" and reportedly had allied themselves with the Progressive Labor Party, which reportedly has been organized nationally.

The masthead in the March, 1964 issue of "Progressive Labor" reflects "Progressive Labor" is published monthly by the Progressive Labor Co., G.P.O. Box 808, Brooklyn 1, N.Y.... San Francisco address listed...P. O. Box 843, San Francisco 1, California...West Coast Editor: LEE COE.

A second source advised on November 26, 1963, that leaflets and invitations were distributed in San Francisco, California by the above-mentioned group during November, 1963, under the name Bay Area Progressive Labor (BAPL), P. O. Box 843, San Francisco, California.

A third source advised on May 11, 1964, that LEE COE is active in BAPL activities in the San Francisco Bay Area and appears to be one of its leaders.

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PROGRESSIVE LABOR MOVEMENT, also known as Progressive Labor Party, "Progressive Labor"

A source advised on July 2, 1962, that Progressive Labor groups held a conference in New York City on July 1, 1962, where MILTON ROSEN acted as chairman. He read a statement at this conference setting forth their intention to form a new Marxist-Leminist party in the United States. ROSEN stated that a more formal organization was necessary, one which would provide a framework for all who wanted to join in a united effort to build an American vanguard. The forces of this new organization are to consolidate all existing forces around Progressive Labor and organize additional forces, expand and improve political activities, win additional forces to an outlook of Marxism-Leninism and increase the open advocacy of socialism, develop a significant Marxist-Leninist program for the new party, and organize a collective organization of leaders and members.

"The Worker," an east coast communist newspaper, issue of January 7, 1962, page ten, column three, reported the expulsion of MILTON ROSEN, former Labor Secretary of the New York State Communist Party, United States of America.

A second and third source advised in February 1963 that this new Marxist-Leninist party had not yet been organized on a formal basis, but that Progressive Labor groups had been formed in several localities in line with the proposals of MILTON ROSEN. The sources advised as of February 1963 that the leaders of this group were referring to it as the Progressive Labor Movement.

A fourth source advised on March 15, 1964, that the Progressive Labor Movement follows, supports and is politically orientated toward the Communist Party line of Red China rather than that of the Soviet Union.

A fifth source advised on March 28, 1964, that at a Progressive Labor Movement meeting held in New York City on that date, it was announced that the Progressive Labor Movement would try to hold a national convention in New York City in September 1964 to organize the Progressive Labor Movement on a more formal basis into a Progressive Labor Party.

The fifth source also advised that the Progressive Labor Movement publishes a monthly: magazine called "Progressive Labor" and also a quarterly theoretical publication called the "Marxist-Leninist Quarterly." The source also advised that starting June 1, 1964, the Progressive Labor Movement would start publishing a weekly newspaper in New York City.

The March 1964 issue of "Progressive Labor" sets forth that it is published monthly by the Progressive Labor Company, General Post Office Box 808, Brooklyn 1, New York.

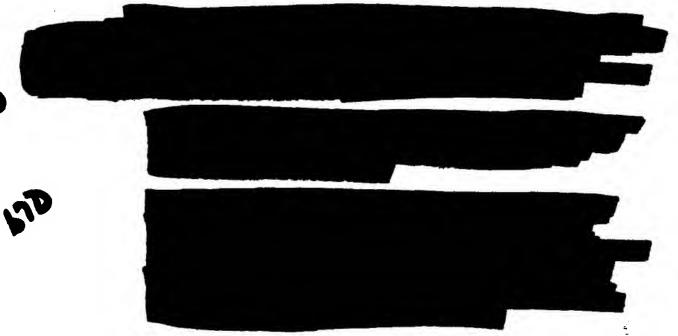
AD HOC COMMITTEE TO END DISCRIMINATION

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According to an article in the March 8, 1964, issue of the "San Francisco Examiner," a San Francisco daily morning newspaper, TRACY SIMS stated among other things that following a sit-in demonstration in San Francisco during October 1963 by various civil rights groups, the groups realized that a central, coordinating committee was needed. The formation of AD HOC COMMITTEE TO END DISCRIMINATION (AHCED) was the result and SIMS became its chairman.



A second source, on May 12, 1964, described AHCED as a central body of representatives from militant youth organizations whose purpose was to work for equal civil rights and to put pressure on establishments and employers to hire more people from the minority races, especially Negroes.



A fifth source reported on February 3, 1965, that on February 3, 1965, a press conference was held at 1366 Turk Street, San Francisco, California. At this press conference, an official of AHCED announced and passed out press releases that as of February 3, 1965, AHCED was no longer in existence.





SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION

A source advised on August 1, 1960, that the San Francisco Branch of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) was formed approximately in the early part of 1938 and the Oakland Branch of the SWP was formed in the latter part of 1938.

A second source advised on October 26, 1959, that the name of the Oakland Branch of the SWP was changed to the Oakland-Berkeley Branch of the SWP.

A third source advised on April 20, 1964, that the San francisco Branch and the Oakland-Berkeley Branch of the SWP follow the policies and directives of the National SWP with which they are affiliated.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.



W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUB OT SAN FRANCISCO, aka DuBois Youth Group, San Francisco DuBois Club, San Francisco DuBois Youth Group, Student-Labor Alliance

A source advised that on January 31, 1963, the W.E.B. DuBois Club of San Francisco held its first general meeting at California Hall, Folk and Turk Streets, San Francisco, California, at which time the aims of the club were put forth as follows by TERENCE "KAYO" HALLINAN:

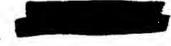
- (1) Alleviate the Negro problem in the United States.
- (2) Promote peaceful co-existence between the United States and Russia.
- (3) Promote and encourage Markist doctrines and to bring about a socialistic government in the United States.

A second source advised in March 1963 that the DuBois Club was both conceived and originated by TERENCE HALLINAN.



Commencing in March 1363, the DuBois Club published a newsletter entitled "San Francisco News and World Report." In its first issue a "Proposed Statement of Principles" was set forth in which the club's aforementioned aims were elaborated upon. In the same issue the lead editorial in part described the San Francisco DuBois Club as "...a group of young people who are convinced that Socialism is the only answer to the many problem of our time and so find philosophical rapport with the life and thought of Dr. DU BOIS, nevertheless, we are weighed with humility in comparing our goals and ambitions with the genius of his life and work. As a source of inspiration, the figure of V.E.B. DU BOI: is unequaled in American history, but as a standard and example, we seem miserably lost in his shadow. We can only resolve that we do his name no dishonor, and whatever we may accomplish should be recognized as a supplement to his life work."

The November 25, 1961, issue of the "People's World," a West Coast communist newspaper published in San Francisco, contains an article on page 12 reflecting



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that W.E.B. DU BOIS joined the Communist Party after applying for admission on October 1, 1961.

In May, 1963, the first source informed that the "San Francisco News and World Report," although written and edited by members of the club, was run off on a mimeograph machine located in the offices of the "People's World;" however, in March, 1964, this source advised that the newsletter was no longer mimeographed by the "People's World" because of the unreliability of the machine and, in addition, the name was changed to "The Insurgent" upon recommendation of one of the club officers who felt the new name sounded more militant.

The first source has also stated that commencing in May, 1963, the DuBois Club had no permanent headquarters and used to hold its meetings at 307 Page Street, Apartment 3, San Francisco, California. In March, 1964, this source advised that the club is currently active as a membership organization and has its headquarters at 1007 McAllister Street, San Francisco.



W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS OF AMERICA - BERKELEY BRANCH; W.E.B. DuBois Youth Club - Berkeley Chapter; Berkeley DuBois Club; East Bay DuBois Club

A source advised on April 12, 1963, that the W.E.B. DuBois Youth Club, Berkeley Chapter, was originated in October, 1962, principally through the efforts of MATTHEW HALLINAN.

This same source advised in October, 1963, that MATTHEN HALLINAN was elected as Chairman and CP Youth Commission Representative of the Berkeley CP On-Campus Youth Club during September, 1963.

A second source advised that a mimeographed leaflet distributed by the Berkeley DuBois Club in September, 1964, reflected the name as "The W.E.B. DuBois Clubs of America - Berkeley Branch." This leaflet describes the club as "An independent Socialist Youth Organization" and lists its head-quarters as 5935 Grove Street, Oakland, California.

In addition, this leaflet, under the heading "The DuBois Clubs of America" sets forth the following: "The Berkeley DuBois Club is a part of a nation-wide socialist youth organization founded in June of this year. It attempts to bring together those action-oriented youth who consider socialism to be a visible alternative to the ills of this society."

The leaflet further reflects, under "Statement of Purpose" in part as follows: "To the DuBois Club, socialism is not an empty abstraction. It represents the form of social organization which is necessary if mankind is to fully utilize the great potential unleashed by modern industrial civilization. Very succinctly, it is a society run for people, not profit."

University of California, Berkeley, California, records in October, 1964, reflected that the Berkeley DuBois Club was recognized as an "off-campus" membership organization for the Fall 1964 semester. As an "off-campus" organization,



the DuBois Club is allowed to present lectures on the campus if permission is obtained in advance from the university. It is also allowed to set up and maintain a literature table on the campus.

A third source advised in October, 1964, that the following were the principal officers of the Berkeley DuBois Club:

Chairman or President - PHYLLIS HABERMAN

Organizational Secretary - ANN GOLDBLATT KING

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Secretary-Treasurer - LEE GOLDBLATT

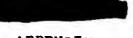
A fourth source advised during July, 1964, that PHYLLIS HABERMAN attended the founding convention of the DuBois Clubs of America held in June, 1964, in San Francisco.

A fifth source, a self-admitted former member of the Communist Party, has stated that he knew LOUIS BORIS GOLDBLATT, LEE GOLDBLATT and ANN GOLDBLATT KING's father, to be a member of the CP as late as 1947.

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The PM is a West Coast Communist newspaper published weekly in San Francisco.





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W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS OF AMERICA

A source has advised that on October 26-27, 1963, a conference of members of the Communist Party (CP), including National Functionaries. Met in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of setting in motion forces for the establishment of a new national Marxist oriented youth organization which would hunt for the most peaceful transition to socialism. The delegates to this meeting were cautioned against the germ of anti-Soviet and anti-CP ideologies. These delegates were also told that it would be reasonable to assume that the young socialists attracted into this new organization would eventually pass into the CP itself.

A second conference of over 20 persons met in Chicago on December 28-29, 1963, for the purpose of initiating a "call" to the new youth organization and planning for a founding convention to be held in June 1964.

A second source has advised that the founding convention for the new youth organization was held from June 19-21, 1964, at 150 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, at which time the name W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS OF AMERICA was adopted. Approximately 500 delegates from throughout the United States attended this convention. The aims of this organization, as set forth in the preamble to the constitution, are, "It is our belief that this nation can best solve its problems in an atmosphere of peaceful co-existence, complete disarmament and true freedom for all peoples of the world, and that these solutions will be reached mainly through the united efforts of all democratic elements in our country, composed essentially of the working people allied in the unity of Negroes and other minorities with whites. We further fully recognize that the greatest threat to American democracy comes from the racist and right wing forces in coalition with the most reactionary sections of the economic power structure, using the tool of anticommunism to divide and destroy the unified struggle of the working people. As young people in the forces struggling for democracy, we shall actively strive to defeat these reactionary and neo-fascist elements and to achieve complete freedom and democracy for all Americans, thus enabling each individual to freely choose and build the society he would wish to live in. Through these struggles we feel the American people will realize the viability of the socialist alternatives."



The constitution further states that this new organization shall be a membership organization open to individuals, or if five or more people so desire a chapter can be formed which shall in turn be guided by the policies and principles of the parent organization.

A third source has advised that in September 1964 the organization set up its headquarters at 1853 - 1/2 McAllister Street, San Francisco, California.

The first two sources have advised that at the founding convention two officers were elected:

PHILIP CHAPIN DAVIS, President, and CARL ELLENGER ELCICE, Publications Chairman.





A fifth source has advised that CARL BLOICE, reporter for the "People's World" newspaper, was on April 3, 1964, elected to the newly organized San Francisco County Committee of the CP.

The "People's World" is a West Coast communist newspaper published weekly in San Francisco, California.





YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE (known in the San Francisco Bay Area as the Bay Area Young Socialist Alliance, aka the Bay Area Committee of the Young Socialist Alliance, Bay Area Committee for the Young Socialist)

A source advised on May 16, 1960, that the Bay Area Young Socialist Alliance (BAYSA) was formed in February, 1958, as the Bay Area Committee for the Young Socialist (BACYS). At a later stage in its development prior to adoption of the name BAYSA, the organization was known as the Bay Area Committee of the Young Socialist Alliance (BACYSA).

The source advised that as a result of a national convention held April 15-17, 1960, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, the BAYSA became a branch of a national organization to be known as the Young Socialist Alliance (YSA) and will carry out in the Northern California area the policies of the YSA. The BAYSA is divided into two working units, the San Francisco YSA and Berkeley YSA.

The source advised that the BAYSA, although ostensibly an independent organization, is in reality controlled by the San Francisco Branch, Socialist Workers Party (SWP) and Oakland Branch SWP.

The source advised April 23, 1964, that the BAYSA is currently active.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.





YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE

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The May, 1960, issue of the "Young Socialist" (YS), page 1, column 3, disclosed that during pril 15-17, 1960, a national organization entitled "The Young Socialist Alliance" (YSA) was established at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. This issue stated that this organization was formed by the nationwide supporter clubs of the publication YS.

The above issue, page 6, set forth the Founding Declaration of YSA. This declaration stated that the YSA recognizes the Socialist Torkers Party (SUP) as the only existing political leadership on class struggle principles, and that the supporters of the YS have core into basic political solidarity with the SUP on the principles of revolutionary socialism.

A source advised on May 6, 1964, that the original YSA was an organization formed during October, 1957, in New York City by youth of various left socialist tendencies, particularly numbers and followers of the SUF. The leaders of this group were the guiding forces in the establishment of the national organization.

The source further advised on May 6, 1964, that the YSA is deminated and controlled on a national basis by the SMP through having SMP members comprise exclusively the National Executive Committee (NEC) and through an official SMP representative at all YSA MEC meetings. The YSA, in reality, is the youth and training section of the SMP and the main source of new SWP members.

The headquarters of the YSA are located in Four 631, 41 Union Square Test, New York City.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.





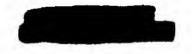
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